MICRO-POWER DIGITAL ELECTRONIC IGNITION SYSTEM

FOR SUZUKI GSX 250 TWIN CYLINDER MODELS

THIS SYSTEM MUST BE USED WITH SPECIAL DIGITAL COIL TYPE 00008

Comprising:-

a) Transistor Box BOX00234 (Blue box with wires)
b) Stator Plate GS1a (round printed circuit board with two coils)
c) Magnetic Rotor ROT00116 (round plated steel unit with two magnets)
d) Plastic strap
e) Link wire and terminals.

f) Dual Output Ignition coil (COIL0008) 2xH.T. Terminals, 2xRubber boots, 4x tie-straps

For GSX models with electronic ignition and advance will require some mechanical modification to fit the rotor.

Note: Two ignition coils type COIL00008 are required with this kit for the four cylinder.

One ignition coil type COIL00008 is required for a twin cylinder, no link wire is used.

General fitting instructions

(Tools required are the standard tool kit plus a 12mm socket spanner and strobe lamp).

1) Open seat and remove tools.
2) Turn off petrol and remove pipes.
3) Undo bolt at rear of petrol tank and remove tank.
4) Trace the black, white & orange/white wires feeding to the ignition coils and pull apart the connectors. Remove the coils and replace with the new coils using the mounting holes, these will require brackets making up. Try and hang the coils as this will reduce the load on the plastic mounting brackets.
5) Using the link wire and female spade terminals, connect the positive of one coil to the negative of the other. Connect the white wire to the negative of one coil and the orange wire with the female spade connects to the positive of the other coil. The other orange wire connects to the orange/white wire from the ignition switch. (See wiring diagram.)
6) Lay the transistor box underneath the main frame tube behind the ignition coils and connect the transistor box to the ignition coils. (See circuit diagram) This should leave just one black wire coming from the transistor box with a ring connector; this should run back down the frame and connected to the black negative battery terminal. Tape these together to stop this wire from being placed on the wrong terminal if the battery is removed.
7) The transistor box can now be strapped to the frame tube and the wires tidied, checking all connectors are good and tight. The red female connectors on the transistor box may need to be pinched up a little to make a good connection. New HT cables are required, these should be made from copper or stainless good quality HT cable and suppressed caps.
8) Refit the tank and replace petrol pipes.
9) Remove the contact breaker cover from the right hand side of the engine.
10) Using the 12mm socket spanner, remove the centre bolt of the auto-advance unit and contact breaker cam.
11) Remove the screws securing the contact breaker plate and remove.
12) Disconnect the black and white wires to the contact breaker. Unscrew the condenser with the cable retaining clamp and remove the contact breaker assembly complete. The auto-advance mechanism should drop clear of the end of the crankshaft, leaving the contact breaker housing bare.
13) Remove the contact breaker cam from the advancer unit by twisting to expand the bob weights and pull off. The bob weights can be left in place or removed as they are no longer used. Remove the engine positioning nut from the centre bolt and refit the advance unit to the end of the crankshaft with the centre bolt screwed in a few turns to hold it in place temporarily. Hold the metal timing mark plate back into position, fit the stator plate over it in the original position of the contact backing plate, with the timing hole at the top and the terminal screws at the bottom. Replace the screws, setting it fully CLOCKWISE on its adjustment slots (Fig.1). Connect the black and white wires to the two screw terminals as in Fig.2. GSX models: connect the stator plate to the ignition box using the sleeved black and white wires and terminals supplied. Make sure that, when tightened, these connectors cannot foul the magnetic rotor or engine casing. The small metal clip is not used. Carefully remove the centre bolt and slide through the magnetic rotor, with the magnets towards the engine and away from the head of the bolt. Refit the centre bolt, slidding the magnetic rotor over the shaft of the auto-advancer unit. The centre bolt can now be lightly tightened so that the magnetic rotor can still be turned by hand. The magnetic rotor supplied has no direct location on the advancer shaft and can be fitted in any position, this is due to the dogs on the advancer shaft being placed in various positions by the manufacturer. The electronic advance models will require the reluctor unit turned down to take the rotor.
14) The method of timing is as shown in Fig.1. Set the engine to the "T" Top Dead Centre position mark on 1 and 4, or 2 and 3 cylinders (GS TWIN models: 1 or 2 cylinders). Move the rotor to the position shown in Fig.1, (Stator plate fully CLOCKWISE) Line up the magnets with the centre of the pole pieces on the stator plate. Tighten the centre bolt, a small tap on the end of the rotor will make small indentations inside the rotor, providing greater location and giving a fitting position if the rotor is removed. After setting the timing (See 16) the marks in the rotor can be filed out to provide a positive locking and give more clearance to the cover.
15) Re-set the stator to the CENTRE of its adjustment slots and retighten the screws.
16) Start the engine and run for 5 minutes to warm up the engine and ignition unit.
17) Check the strobe lamp and time to the full advance mark, with the engine running at 4500 RPM. Align by moving the stator on its slotted holes. If you run out of adjustment move the rotor a little and retighten. The electronic advance can be seen by accelerating up from idle. A small amount of advance will be seen above 5000 RPM, this is normal.
18) Check all screws are tight and retight cover, the timing is now set and requires no maintenance. The carburation, plug caps and spark plugs must be in good order. The spark plug gaps should not be opened up but left at the standard setting.

WITH THIS DIGITAL SYSTEM 5000 OHM RESISTIVE SUPPRESSED PLUG CAPS MUST BE USED.

19) Models fitted with an electronic tachometer may indicate double the actual RPM and will therefore need to be re-calibrated.

Contact Boyer Bransden for re-calibration service.
ROTATE stator plate fully CLOCKWISE.
Set engine to the ‘T’ mark (TDC on cylinders 1 & 4).
Align magnets on rotor with pole pins on stator plate and tighten Crankshaft bolt.

Maximum advance timing mark
Use strobe timing light.
Adjust stator plate to achieve alignment of this mark at 5000 rpm.

Micro-Digital
SUZUKI
GS/GSX 250-1100

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**Fig. 1.**

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**Fig. 2.**

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SUZUKI MICRO-POWER
CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Micro-Power
SUZUKI
GS/GSX 250-1100
BOX00234

Stator Plate

Chassis / Earth
(Battery -ve)

Black

White

Black

White

Black

White

Orange

Orange

White

Black

Orange / White
From Ignition Switch

Micro-Power
COIL 80008

Cyl. 1

Cyl. 2

0.50 OHM

White

Orange

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